

TOWN CARD FILE

Town

County

Wabeno

Forest

Inc. 1901 c. 67 Created by County Board, Jan. 21, 1903.

85

Wood Lake, shall be chargeable to the town of Wood Lake and to the town of La Follette, and shall also determine what portion of the credits of the old town of Wood Lake, each of the towns of Wood Lake and La Follette shall be entitled to.

Date and place of first meeting; judicial election. Section 3. The qualified electors of the said town of La Follette shall meet at the O'Leary school house in school district number five, situated in township number thirty-eight north, of range number fifteen west, of the fourth principal meridian in the state of Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday of April A. D. 1901, and at such town meeting in the manner provided by law, elect town officers for the said town of La Follette. For the purposes of such town election, the qualified voters in said town shall, between the hours of nine and eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, choose three of their number to act as inspectors, and two ballot clerks of the election, and such inspectors and ballot clerks shall, before entering upon their respective duties, severally take the usual oath of office and file the same with their returns; and such inspectors shall respectively canvass and return the votes cast at such election in all respects as provided by law for inspectors at annual town meetings. And the qualified electors so assembled at the place aforesaid may vote for judicial officers to be chosen on the same day, and the votes cast for such judicial officers, whether for justices of the supreme court, judge of the circuit court or county judge, or all of them, shall be counted, canvassed and returned in the same manner and shall have the same effect, as if the said town of La Follette was fully and completely organized.

When town deemed organized. Section 4. When such election shall have been held as herein provided and the town officers of the town of La Follette have qualified as required by law, the said town of La Follette shall be deemed, and shall be, duly organized and shall possess all rights, powers, privileges and liabilities of other towns in this state.

Powers of county board not abridged. Section 5. Nothing in this act shall be so construed as to abridge any of the powers of the county board of Burnett county to set off, organize, vacate or change the boundaries of said towns at any time hereafter in accordance with the powers conferred by law upon county boards.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force, from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 21, 1901.

No. 264, A.7

[Published March 23, 1901.

CHAPTER 67.

AN ACT to change the boundaries of the towns of Crandon and Cavour in Forest county, state of Wisconsin, and to create from the territory of the towns of Crandon and Cavour in Forest county, the towns of North Crandon, Wabeno and Caswell..

The people of the state of Wisconsin represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows:

Town of Crandon defined. Section 1. All that certain territory now embraced in the town of Crandon, Forest county, state of Wisconsin described as follows to-wit:-Townships forty, forty- one and forty-two north, of range twelve east; townships thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one and fortytwo north, of range thirteen east, is hereby set off and detached from the said town of Crandon in said county and is hereby created and constituted a separate town to be known and designated as the town of North Crandon in said Forest county.

Town of Caswell defined. Section 2. All that certain territory now embraced within the boundaries of the town of Crandon in Forest county to-wit: Townships thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty and forty-one north, of range fourteen east, and all of that certain territory now embraced within the boundaries of the town of Cavour, in said county of Forest to-wit: Township thirty-seven north, of range fourteen east, township thirty-seven north, of range fifteen east, and townships thirty-five, thirty-six and thirty-seven north, of range sixteen east, is hereby set off and detached from the said towns of Crandon and Cavour in said county of Forest and is hereby created and constituted a separate town to be known and designated as the town of Caswell in said Forest county.

Territory in town of Cavour detached. Section 3. All that certain territory within the boundaries of and embraced in the town of Cavour, in Forest county, Wisconsin, to-wit: Township thirty-four north, of range thirteen east, is hereby set off and detached from the town of Cavour and is hereby attached to and made a part of the town of Crandon in said Forest county, Wisconsin.

Town of Wabeno defined. Section 4. The name of that certain town in Forest county known as Cavour, is hereby and shall be change to Wabeno, and all of the territory remaining by virtue of this act in the said town of Cavour to-wit: townships thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six of range fourteen east; townships thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six of range fifteen east, and township thirty-four of range sixteen east, is hereby and shall be known and designated as the town of Wabeno.

Apportionment of assets and liabilities of towns of North Crandon and Caswell. Section 5. The assets and liabilities of the said town of Crandon to be apportioned to the said towns of North Crandon and Caswell shall bear the same ratio to the whole of said assets and liabilities of said town of Crandon, as the assessed valuation for the year 1900 of the taxable property of the above described detached territory from the town of Crandon respectively bears to that of the assessed valuation for the year 1900 of the whole of the taxable property of said town of Crandon as shown by the assessment rolls for the said year 1900.

Apportionment of assets and liabilities of towns of Wabeno, Caswell and Crandon. Section 6. The assets and liabilities of the town of Cavour (hereby changed to the town of Wabeno) to be apportioned to the said towns of Caswell and Crandon, shall bear the same ratio to the whole of said assets and liabilities of said town of Cavour (hereby changed to the town of Wabeno) as the assessed valuation for the year 1900 of the taxable property of the above described detached territory from the town of Cavour (hereby changed to the town of Wabeno) respectively bears to that of the assessed valuation for the year 1900 of the whole of the taxable property of said town of Cavour (hereby changed to the town of Wabeno) as shown by the assessment rolls for the said year 1900.

Electors, where to meet; town officers; judicial election. Section. 7. The qualified electors of the town of North Crandon shall meet at the town hall in the village of North Crandon, located on section twenty-eight, town thirty-seven north, of range thirteen east, in said town of North Crandon on the day appointed by law for the holding of annual town meetings and the election of town officers in this state. The qualified electors of the town of Caswell shall meet in the frame building west of P. Shay's store at the station of Armstrong Creek, located on section thirty-six in township thirty-seven north, range sixteen east, in said town of Caswell, on the day appointed by law for the holding of annual town meetings and the election of town officers in this state. The qualified electors of the town of Crandon

shall meet at the Modern Woodmen hall in the village of Crandon, located on section twenty-nine in township thirty-six north, of range thirteen east, in said town of Crandon, on the day appointed by law for the holding of annual meetings and the election of town officers in this state. The town hall of said town of Crandon being by virtue of this act now located within the boundaries of the new town of North Crandon. The qualified electors of the town of Wabeno shall meet at the town hall in the village of Wabeno, located in township thirty-four north, of range fifteen east, in said town of Wabeno, on the day appointed by law for the holding of annual town meetings and the election of town officers in this state. The qualified electors of said towns respectively shall at such town meeting in the manner provided by law, elect town officers for the said respective towns and for the purposes of such town election, the qualified voters in each of said towns respectively shall between the hours of nine and eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, choose three of their number to act as inspectors of the election, and such inspectors shall before entering on their respective duties severally take and file the usual oath of office and file the same with their returns, and such inspectors shall respectively canvass and return the votes cast at such election in all respects as provided by law for inspectors at annual town meetings. And the qualified electors so assembled at the respective places aforesaid, may vote for judicial officers to be chosen on the same day and the votes cast for such judicial officers whether for justices of the supreme court, judge of the circuit court or county judge or all of them, shall be counted, canvassed and returned in the same manner and shall have the same effect as if the said towns of North Crandon, Caswell and Wabeno were fully and completely organized.

When towns deemed organized. Section 8. When such election shall have been held as herein provided and the town officers of the respective towns required by law elected, and such officers respectively have qualified as required by law, the said towns of North Crandon, Caswell and Wabeno shall be deemed and shall be duly organized and shall possess all the rights, powers, privileges and liabilities of other towns in this state.

Powers of county board not abridged. Section 9. Nothing in any of the provisions of this act shall be so construed as to abridge any of the powers of the county board of supervisors of Forest county, to set off, organize, vacate or change the boundaries of any of the towns created by or mentioned in this act, at any time hereafter in accordance with the powers conferred by law upon county boards by virtue of the laws of the state of Wisconsin.

Conflicting laws repealed. Section 10. Any and all acts or parts & acts in any manner conflicting with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

Section 11. This act shall take effect and be in force, from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 22, 1901.

No. 57, S.]

[Published March 26, 1901.

CHAPTER 68.

AN ACT relating to cities and providing for notice to claimants.

The people of the state of Wisconsin represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows:

Clerk to serve notice of action or non-action, on claimant; to non-resident. Section 1. Whenever any city council shall have disallowed any claim or permitted the same to be disallowed, wholly or partly, by its failure to act thereon within the time limited by law, the clerk shall prepare a notice of the action or non-action of the council upon such claim, and deliver the same, with the necessary copy thereof, to a police officer, for service on the claimant, if he reside within such city. Any police officer to whom such notice and copy shall be delivered, shall serve the same without fees on the claimant named in the notice in the manner provided for service of summons issued by a justice of the peace, and make his return thereof to the clerk. If the claimant be a non-resident the clerk shall transmit such notice by registered letter through the mail. Any time limited for appeal by the claimant from the determination of his claim by the council, shall begin to run when such notice is served, or when such registered letter is received. A bond or undertaking shall not be required in the case of an appeal by municipal corporation.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 23, 1901.

No. 112, S.]

[Published March 26, 1901.

CHAPTER 69.

AN ACT relating to mutual insurance companies in cities and villages, and amending section 1941–5 of the statutes of 1898.

The people of the state of Wisconsin represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows:

Jurisdiction of company to do business. Section 1. Section 1941–5 of the statutes of 1898 is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 1941–5. Such corporations may insure property in the county in which their home office is located and in all adjoining counties, and may also, in addition thereto, insure property in contiguous counties, but in no case shall such counties exceed eight in number, and in no case shall the amount insured exceed two thousand dollars on any one risk, nor shall it insure any property other than dwellings, barns, stables, sheds, and their contents, except as provided in the constitution or bylaws of the corporation.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 23, 1901.

No. 197, S.]

[Published March 26, 1901.

CHAPTER 70.

AN ACT to amend chapter 218 laws of 1899 entitled "an act to establish a district court in the county of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

The people of the state of Wisconsin represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows:

Jurisdiction of court. Section 1. Section 5 of chapter 218 laws of 1899 is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "Section 5. Said district court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to try and sentence all offenders against the ordinances of said city

Wabeno, Forest Co.

51

LAWS OF WISCONSIN-Ch. 36.

No. 150, S.]

[Published March 28, 1903.

CHAPTER 36.

An ACT to change the boundaries of the towns of Crandon, North Crandon, Caswell and Wabeno, in Forest county, and to create from the territory of the towns of Crandon, North Crandon, Caswell and Wabeno, in Forest county, the towns of Hiles and Laona, and establishing the township system of school government therein.

The people of the state of Wisconsin represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows:

Town of Hiles defined. Section 1. All that certain territory now embraced within the boundaries of the town of Crandon, in Forest county, to-wit: Townships thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty-nine north, of range twelve east, and all of that certain territory now embraced within the boundaries of the town of North Crandon, in said county of Forest, to-wit: Townships forty, forty-one and forty-two north, of range twelve east, is hereby set off and detached from said towns of Crandon and North Crandon, in said county of Forest, and is hereby created and constituted a separate town to be known and designated as the town of Hiles, in said Forest county.

Town of Laona defined. Section 2. All that certain territory now embraced within the boundaries of the town of Caswell in Forest county, to-wit: The north half (being sections one to eighteen inclusive) of township thirty-five and township thirty-six north, of range sixteen east, and all that certain territory now embraced within the town of Wabeno, in said Forest county, to-wit: Township thirty-five and thirty-six north, of range fourteen east, and the north half (being sections one to eighteen inclusive) of township thirty-five and township thirty-six north, of range fifteen east, is hereby set off and detached from said towns of Caswell and Wabeno, in said county of Forest, and is hereby created and constituted a separate town to be known and designated as the town of Laona, in said Forest county.

Territory detached. Section 3. All that certain territory within the boundaries of and embraced in the town of Caswell, in Forest county, Wisconsin, to-wit: The south half (being

sections nineteen to thirty-six inclusive) of township thirty-five north, of range sixteen east, is hereby set off and detached from the town of Caswell in said county, and is hereby attached to and made a part of the town of Wabeno, in said Forest county, Wisconsin.

Assets and liabilities apportioned. Section 4. The assets and liabilities of said town of Crandon to be apportioned to the said town of Hiles shall bear the same ratio to the whole of said assets and liabilities of said town of Crandon as the assessed valuation for the year 1902, of the taxable property of the above detached territory from the town of Crandon bears to that of the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the whole of the taxable property of said town of Crandon, as shown by the assessment rolls for the said year 1902.

Assets and liabilities apportioned. Section 5. The assets and liabilities of the said town of North Crandon to be apportioned to the said town of Hiles shall bear the same ratio to the whole of said assets and liabilities of said town of North Crandon as the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the taxable property of the above detached territory from the town of North Crandon bears to that of the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the whole of the taxable property of said town of North Crandon, as shown by the assessment rolls for the said year 1902.

Assets and liabilities apportioned. Section 6. The assets and liabilities of the said town of Caswell to be apportioned to the said town of Laona shall bear the same ratio to the whole of said assets and liabilities of said town of Caswell as the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the taxable property of the above detached territory from the town of Caswell and by this act made a part of the town of Laona, bears to that of the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the whole of the taxable property of the said town of Caswell, as shown by the assessment rolls for the said year 1902.

Assets and liabilities apportioned. Section 7. The assets and liabilities of the said town of Caswell to be apportioned to the said town of Wabeno shall bear the same ratio to the whole of said assets and liabilities of said town of Caswell as the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the taxable property of the above detached territory from the town of Caswell and attached to the town of Wabeno bears to that of the assessed valuation

for the year 1902 of the whole of the taxable property of said town of Caswell, as shown by the assessment rolls for the said year 1902.

Assets and liabilities apportioned. Section 8. The assets and liabilities of the said town of Wabeno to be apportioned to the said town of Laona shall bear the same ratio to the whole of said assets and liabilities of said town of Wabeno as the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the taxable property of the above detached territory from said town of Wabeno bears to that of the assessed valuation for the year 1902 of the whole of the taxable property of said town of Wabeno, as shown by the assessment rolls for the said year 1902.

First town meeting, when and where held; appointment of inspectors. Section 9. The qualified electors of the town of Hiles shall meet at the office and store building of F. P. Hiles, near the sawmill now being constructed by said F. P. Hiles on section ten, in township thirty-seven north, of range twelve east, in said town of Hiles, on the day appointed by law for the holding of annual town meetings and the election of town officers in this state. The qualified electors of the town of Laona shall meet at Sargent's hall at Laona, located on the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section thirty, township thirtysix north, of range fifteen east, in said town of Laona, on the day appointed by law for the holding of annual town meetings and the election of town officers in this state. The qualified electors of said towns, respectively, shall at such town meeting in the manner provided by law elect town officers for the said respective towns, and for the purpose of said town election the qualified voters in each of said towns, respectively, shall between the hours of nine and eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day choose three of their number to act as inspectors of the election, and such inspectors shall before entering on their respective duties severally take and file the usual oath of office and file the same with their returns, and such inspectors shall respectively canvass and return the votes cast at such election in all respects as provided by law for inspectors at annual town meetings. And the qualified electors so assembled at the respective places aforesaid may vote for judicial officers to be chosen on the same day and the votes cast for such judicial officers, whether for justices of the supreme court, judge of the circuit court or county judge, or all of them, shall be counted, canvassed and returned in the same manner and shall have the same effect as if said towns of Hiles and Laona were fully and completely organized.

When towns deemed organized. Section 10. When such election shall have been held as herein provided and the town officers of the respective towns required by law elected and such officrs, respectively, have qualified, as required by law, the said towns of Hiles and Laona shall be deemed and shall be duly organized, and shall possess all the rights, powers, privileges and liabilities of other towns in this state.

Township system of school government established; board of directors. Section 11. The township system of school government shall be operative and in force in said towns of Laona and Hiles at and from the time this act goes into effect until such time as the same shall be abolished in the manner provided by law. The territory hereby detached from said towns of Caswell, Crandon, North Crandon and Wabeno shall, from the organization of said towns of Hiles and Laona, respectively, be completely severed from and independent of said towns of Caswell, Crandon, North Crandon and Wabeno, or any school distriet, joint school district, sub-district, or joint sub-district therein, for school purposes, and such detached territory shall be annexed of formed into such sub-districts in said towns of Hiles, Laona and Wabeno, respectively, as the board of school directors of said towns of Hiles, Laona and Wabeno shall respectively order. And the clerks of the various school districts and sub-districts, together with the clerks of the joint school districts and joint sub-districts, the school houses of which are situated in said towns, respectively, shall constitute the first board of directors in each of said towns, and they shall meet and organize within two weeks after the organization of each said town and hold their offices until the next annual meeting of the sub-districts of each said town.

Authority of county board not abridged. Section 12. Nothing in any of the provisions of this act, or any other act, shall be so construed as to abridge any of the powers of the county board of supervisors of Forest county to set off, organize, vacate or change the boundaries of any of the towns created by, or mentioned in, this act at any time hereafter in accordance with the powers conferred by law upon county boards by virtue of the laws of the state of Wisconsin.

Conflicting laws repealed. Section 13. Any and all acts or parts of acts in any manner conflicting with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

LAWS OF WISCONSIN—Ch. 37.

55

Section 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 27, 1903.

No. 144, S.7

[Published March 30, 1903.

CHAPTER · 37.

AN ACT relating to the duties, qualifications and salary of the state superintendent.

The people of the state of Wisconsin represented in senate and assembly do enact as follows:

Qualifications; oath of office. Section 1. No person shall be eligible to the office of state superintendent of public instruction, who shall not, at the time of his election thereto, have taught or supervised teaching in the state of Wisconsin, for a period not less than five years, and who shall not, at such time, hold the highest grade of certificate which the state superintendent is by law empowered to issue. He shall, within twenty days after he receives notice of his election, and before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office, which shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

Supervisory duties generally. Section 2. He shall have general supervision over the common schools of the state, and it shall be his duty:

School work. 1. To ascertain, so far as practicable, the conditions of the public schools of the state; to stimulate interest in education; to spread as widely as possible, through public addresses, bulletins, and by conferences with school officers, teachers and parents, a knowledge of methods which may be employed to introduce desirable improvements in the organization, government and instruction of the schools:

School books. 2. To prohibit the use of sectarian books and sectarian instruction in the public schools; to advise in the se-

lection of books for school district libraries; to prepare as often as he shall deem necessary, a list of books suitable for school district libraries, and furnish copies of such lists to each town, village, or city clerk, or secretary of the board of education, and to each county or city superintendent, from which lists the above designated officers shall select and purchase all books for use in the school libraries of the state.

Educational meetings. 3. To attend such educational meetings and make such investigations as he may deem important, and such as may enable him to obtain information relating to the different systems of common schools in the United States, said information to be embodied in his biennial report to the state legislature.

Public sentiment. 4. To endeavor to arouse an intelligent interest among the people of the state in the general subject of industrial and commercial education, including manual training, agriculture, and domestic science, and to awaken and educate public sentiment for the suitable introduction of these subjects into the public schools, and to make such inspection and investigation as may be necessary for the intelligent supervision of the work therein.

Supervision. 5. To exercise general supervision over the establishment and management of county schools of agriculture and domestic science, manual training schools, county training schools for teachers, and the day schools for the deaf; to advise with the principals and local authorities thereof and to formulate courses of study for such schools; to embody in his biennial report or in special bulletins or circulars such statements, suggestions, and statistics as he may deem useful and for the information of the public.

Publications. 6. To revise, codify and edit the school laws from time to time, as circumstances may make necessary, and by lectures, circulars, correspondence, and public addresses, give the public information bearing upon the different systems of school organization and management, provided by law in this state; to prescribe rules and regulations for the management of school district libraries, and the penalty which may be imposed by district boards for any violation thereof; to prepare for the use of school officers suitable forms for making reports and conducting various proceedings necessary to the proper conduct of annual and special meetings; to prepare and publish